Cyber Attacks on Social Care: A case of 'when, not if'

17th October 2023





The technical issues



- This webinar is being recorded
- This is for care providers who want to learn how to reduce the risk and impact of a cyber attack.
- Attendees are on mute and can't be seen
- Please use the Q&A function to ask questions.
- On a phone, tap the screen to see the controls choose More and then Q&A
- Questions that we can't answer: we will come back to you. Add your email to Q&A
- This webinar is 1 hour 30 minutes.
- You will get access to the recording and the presentation (inc links)



Agenda for today



- Why cyber security matters for social care Michelle Corrigan, Better Security,
 Better Care Programme Director
- The Cyber Security strategy for health & social care Ethan Gray, Department of Health and Social Care
- The Impact of a cyber attack on a care service David Glover, Caremark Ltd
- Top tips for reducing risk and impact of an attack Michelle Corrigan, Better Security, Better Care
- Please use Q&A (not Chat) for your questions



Poll



Care providers:

- Are you a single or multi site organisation?
- Has your service completed the Data Security & Protection Toolkit (DSPT)?
- Are you planning to complete the DSPT by the 30 June deadline?



Why Data Protection & Cyber Security Matters for care Michelle Corrigan - Programme Director Better Security, Better Care





Why data and cyber security matters for all care services

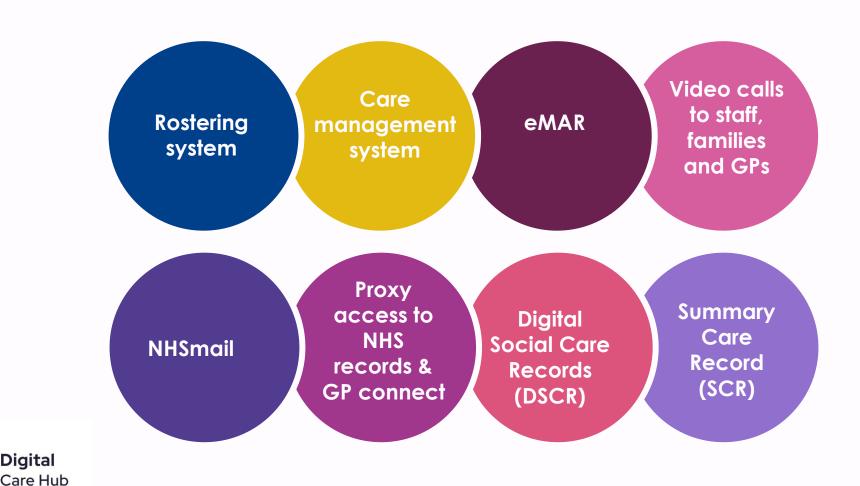


- Data safety is client safety
- Legal responsibility to protect data
- Increased data sharing: real benefits, but also new risks such as cyber attacks
- The present never mind the future is digital
- Indicator of good quality
- Regulatory requirement
- Increased loss of data risk with some service types i.e. homecare
- Staff using their own devices for work purposes



The future is about sharing information securely





A Cyber Security Strategy for
Health & Social Care
Ethan Gray – Cyber Security Policy
Manager, Department of Health &
Social Care







The challenges

The Cyber Strategy spans across Health and Social Care, and is important in showing the our vision to secure the system. It is important that we do not approach Care in the same way that we approach the NHS.

The challenges we face across the sectors are often very similar:

- High operational pressures
- Complex sector
- Vulnerable supply chain
- Limited cyber workforce
- New digital technology and data

But our approach must be tailored to the Social Care, if we want to ensure the Health and Care system is as resilient as possible to cyber threats.



The 5 pillars





Focus on the greatest risk and harms



Defend as one



People and culture



Build secure for the future



Exemplary response and recovery



Our Commitments for Adult Social Care





Publish
an implementation
plan setting out
planned activity for the
next 2 to 3 years to
support the strategy



our most
critical suppliers, and
ensure consistent
engagement



Provide funding for local cyber resource with national training support



Publish a comprehensive and data-led landscape review on the status of cyber security in adult social care



The impact of a cyber attack on a care service

David Glover – Joint CEO of

Caremark Limited





A BIT ABOUT US



Founded in 2005

140 Franchised Offices in UK and Internationally

2023 UK Network Turnover £125m est.

Support 8,000 customers per week

SOFTWARE



Franchisees have to comply with Caremark model

Caremark mandates 2 different rostering systems

Care Planning Software currently optional

Review of Software provision was scheduled for Q1

ISSUES



4th August 2022, Cyber Attack of one of the mandated software

System shut down immediately without warning

Providers back up system failed

Affected 50% of Caremark network

Largest office has up to 30,000 calls per week

SOLUTIONS



Quickly became apparent that restoration of software not imminent

Immediate consideration of how to support Franchisees

Support needed with rostering, payroll and invoicing

Specialist In House team created with experts from different areas

At height of outage Caremark had five full time staff seconded

SOLUTIONS



In House built manual workarounds in Excel for invoicing and payroll

Liaising with 3rd Party care planning software providers

Use of existing 3rd party software or manual workarounds for rostering

£15m of manual workarounds processed by in house team

Ongoing regular dialogue at director level with software provider

Minimum weekly franchisee updates/webinars

Working with alternative mandated rostering software provider

CHALLENGES



Local Authorities

Franchisee Cashflow

Loss of staff at Franchisee level

Inability to take on new customers

Potential data breaches / informing customers

Alternative software systems

Moving Franchisees to alternative software provider

LESSONS LEARNT



Ensure robust business continuity plan

Communication is imperative

Consideration of internal data back up systems

Standardisation of operating systems across the network

Don't deviate from your fundamental business model

Reliance on third party suppliers – good or bad?

Top tips for reducing the risk and impact of a cyber attack Michelle Corrigan – Better Security, Better Care





Complexity of a modern small organisation



- Emails
- Mobile devices
- Websites
- Social media
- Ecommerce systems
- Online banking
- BYOD and office policy
- Network management
- Backup and remote access





Small Organisations, Big Impact



Why put your already limited resources into preparing for and protecting against cybersecurity attacks?

Vulnerability

Attackers can see small organisations as easy targets

Cost

Attacks can be extremely costly and threaten the viability of an organisation

Reputation

Users, the general public and employees expect and trust you to keep their information secure



Cybersecurity Threats



- Phishing Attacks
- Ransomware
- Hacking
- Social Engineering



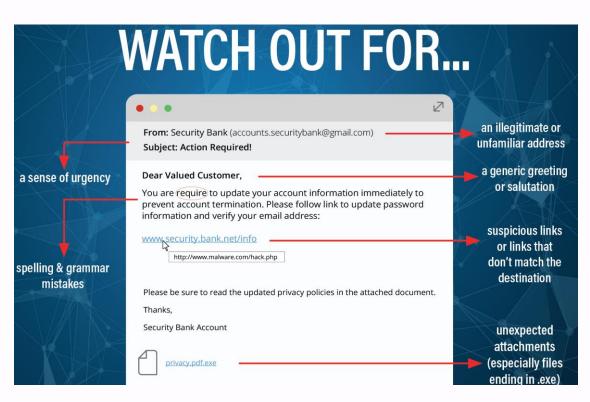






- Attack involving trickery, often confidence manipulation.
- Designed to gain access to systems or steal data.
- Targeted phishing is "spear phishing".
- Variants include:
 - Vishing attacks by telephone
 - Smishing those using SMS or text
 - Whaling targeting high profile people
 - Pharming Fake website to trick into entering credentials to attacker





Ransomware



- Type of software with malicious intent and a threat to harm your data
- The author or distributor requires a ransom to undo the damage
- No guarantee the ransom payment will work
- Ransom often needs to be paid in cryptocurrency

Example:

WannaCry was one of the most devastating ransomware attacks in history, affecting several hundred thousand machines and crippling banks, law enforcement agencies, and other infrastructure.

Hacking



- Unauthorised access to systems and information
- Website attack such as DDoS (distributed denial-of-service)
- Access denied to authorised users
- Stolen funds or intellectual property



Example:

Shops point-of-sale system was hacked; malware installed. Every customer's credit card information was sent to criminals.

Social Engineering



- Someone "official" calls or emails to report a crisis situation.
- They represent HMRC, a bank, the lottery or "Microsoft" technical support.
- There will be a sense of urgency and a dire penalty or loss if you don't act now.



Example:

HMRC scams – You receive a phone call claiming to be HMRC, reporting you owe money and need to pay or else get hit with a fine.





Bring your own device	Corporate Owned
Pros: ✓ More cost effective ✓ Staff already comfortable using the device	Pros: ✓ Easier to ensure they are managed securely ✓ Better oversight
<pre>Cons:</pre>	Cons: *Cost *May require technical expertise



DSPT Better security. Better care.

BYOD – The law and what you need to know

- The legal responsibility for protecting personal information is with the data controller, not the device owner.
- the Data Protection Act (DPA), states employees must take measures against unauthorised or unlawful processing of personal data
- the Employment Practices Code, which states that employees are entitled to a degree of privacy in the work environment
- https://ico.org.uk/media/for-organisations/documents/1563/ico bring your own device byod guidance.pdf







Limit the information shared by devices

Staff are used to sharing their information with other users and in the cloud. The automated backup of device data to cloud based accounts can lead to business data being divulged.

 Consider what information your staff might share

Social media

 Apps automatically saving photos

 https://www.ncsc.gov.uk/guidance/byodexecutive-summary







Create effective BYOD policy

Ensure that personally-owned devices are only able to access business data that you are willing to share with authorised staff.

- Which devices and operating systems?
- What are the potential impacts on your organisation?
- Who is responsible for ensuring compliance with licensing requirements?
- How to ensure security management and application control software is installed.
- Managing staff changes- e.g what happens when staff leave?
- Security incident management plans users must be able to report the loss of devices and you need a plan for if this happens.
- Will work-related data be segregated from the owner's private data?
- What are the training requirements for staff?



https://www.digitalcarehub.co.uk/resource/smart-phone-policy-template-byod/





Consider using technical controls

Container applications and technical services such as Mobile Device Management can help you remotely manage personally-owned devices, but they can impact the usability of the device, Mobile Device Management (MDM) can help you remotely secure, manage and support personally owned devices.

BUT

 It is important to balance technical controls with usability







Encourage staff agreement

Communicate your BYOD policy through staff training so they understand their responsibilities when using personally-owned devices for work purposes. • Staff may use a personal device differently to a corporate device

 Staff buy-in reduces workarounds and unsafe practice







- Does the software you want to use work on all operating systems?
- Will there be one user per device or multiple?
- Who is responsible for auditing devices?
- Who is responsible for managing users and updating devices?
- Do you allow staff to use the device for personal use?



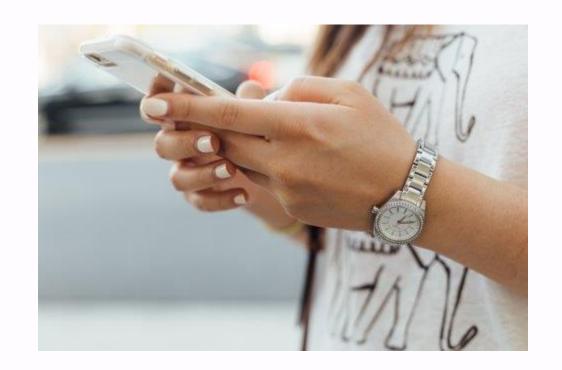






There are several vulnerabilities to consider when using SMS to communicate sensitive information with staff

- Who can see that message?
- What happens when someone leaves?
- SIM swaps
- Malware





Text messaging – secure alternatives





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- Encryption does the app have End to End Encryption (E2EE)
- End-user verification can the app verify that the people using the app are indeed who they say they are?
- Passcode protection can a secondary PIN be used to protect the app, and can it be time-out enabled?
- **Remote-wipe** can the messages be removed if the device is lost, stolen or redeployed to another staff member?
- Message retention does the app allow automatic deletion of messages after a set period of time?

Strong passwords





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- Passwords should be easy to remember and difficult to guess.
- Use strong, separate passwords for important accounts.
- National guidance recommends using three random words to create a strong password.
- For important accounts use two factor authentication. This means adding a second layer security measure i.e. entering a code sent to your device, answering a security question.

Have a business continuity plan that includes data and cyber security



A business continuity plan that includes data and cyber security will help you to manage risks such as:

- If you lost data records
- If you were hacked
- If phone operating systems were down
- If your supplier's system failed

Don't forget to test your plan!

Digital Care Hub has a template plan you can download and adapt for your service.





Staff training

Don't underestimate human error.

Cyber awareness training will educate staff on important issues such as how to spot a cyber attack.

Better Security, Better Care are launching a **free** online training platform for frontline care staff in December.

Free cyber awareness training and e-materials available through the <u>National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC)</u>.





Managers' Discussion Tool & Quiz for Staff

DSPTBetter security

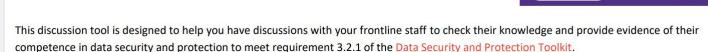
Better care.



<u>Data Protection Discussion Tool</u> <u>Cyber Security Training Resources for Staff</u>

Better Security, Better Care Managers' discussion tool

Version 2 - July 2022



The tool is broken down into four colour coded sections covering the four learning outcomes for frontline social care staff:

- 1. Understand the importance of data security and protection in the care system and your personal responsibility to handle data safely
- 2. Be able to apply relevant data security and protection legislation and principles
- 3. Be aware of physical and digital threats to data security and know how to avoid them, including:
 - i. being alert to social engineering
 - ii. safe use of digital devices
 - iii. safe keeping of physical records
- 4. Be able to identify data breaches and incidents and know what to do if one happens



Better Security, Better Care Multiple choice quiz for frontline staff



Version 2 - July 2022

This quiz will provide evidence that you have	completed data security and protection
training that meets requirement 3.2.1 of the	Data Security and Protection Toolkit. Circle or
tick the correct answers.	

me:	Date:	Score:

 Understand the importance of data security and protection in the care system and your personal responsibility to handle personal data safely

Que	stion	Answer options	
1a	True or False: We have a legal duty to respect the privacy of the people who use our care services?	True False	
1b	True or False: Sharing information with the right people can be just as important as not disclosing to the wrong person?	True False	
1c	Can someone you support ask to see and have a copy of the personal data that is held about them?	Yes	
1d	When should information be recorded? Choose the correct answer.	As soon as possible, whilst the event is still fresh in your mind Within a couple of weeks When there is time to do it	





You're only as strong as the weakest link in your supply chain.

Check what security controls your suppliers have in place & consider asking them to seek out Cyber Essentials Plus certification.

Use Digital Care Hub's <u>supplier list template</u> to keep track of what suppliers process personal information.









If your device is infected by a virus or accessed by a criminal, your data may be damaged, stolen or held to ransom.

Back up your most important data to somewhere separate from your computer. This could be an external hard drive or storage system based in the Cloud.





Use the Data Security & Protection Toolkit





It will help you reassure people who use your services and their families, and your staff that you keep data safe, and share it appropriate and securely



It will help protect your business from the risk of being fined for a data breach and from the disruption of a cyber attack



It gives guidance so that you can practice good data security and be sure that personal information is handled and processed correctly

Data and cyber security arrangements, DSPT and insurance claims





According to the Cyber Claims report 2022, the average cost of a claim for a small business owner was £115,000



Insurance companies are demanding that before an insurance policy is issued or renewed, the enterprise must show they have the tools in place to protect against ransomware.

DSPT and insurance claims





The DSPT is an excellent tool to show insurance companies that you are serious about data breach prevention (and cyber in general).



It can lower premiums and speed up pay-outs if the worse does happen as you have a to-hand report of "here's how seriously we protect our systems and train our staff".



You can allow the insurer a temporary "viewer" account or print-out and they have read-only access to your DSPT.





Personal confidential data	Staff responsibilities	Training	Managing data access	Process reviews
Responding to incidents	Continuity planning	Unsupported systems	IT protection	Accountable suppliers

• All DSPT sections are aligned with the National Data Guardian Standards

• Completing these sections demonstrates compliance with NDG and other

47

data laws





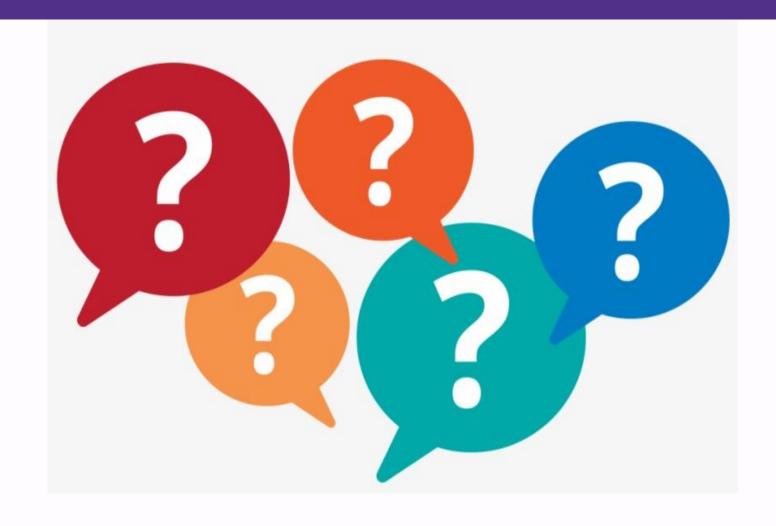
- There is free support offered to social care to assist you in building up operational resilience
- Free template policies and procedures to use in your organisation.
- 1:1, direct support to help you use the DSPT
- Bespoke workshops and webinars to assist you with delivery.
- Demonstration of the DSPT and what good looks like with regards to evidencing your DSPT self-assessment
- Free national helpline <u>0808 196 4848</u>

www.digitalcarehub.co.uk/bettersecuritybettercare

Resources | Digital Care Hub

Any questions?







Poll



Care providers:

- How likely are you to use the DSPT after watching this webinar?
- Would you recommend this webinar to a friend?
- How did you hear about this webinar?



THANK YOU



